CLAIMS

[1] A compound represented by general formula (I) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof:

[Chemical formula 1]

$$R^{4"b}$$
 $R^{6"a}$
 $R^{6"a}$
 $R^{6"a}$
 $R^{6"a}$
 $R^{6"a}$
 $R^{6"a}$
 $R^{6"a}$
 $R^{6"a}$
 $R^{6"b}$
 $R^{6"b}$
 $R^{6"a}$
 $R^{6"b}$
 $R^{6"b}$
 $R^{6"b}$

wherein

R^{4*a} and R^{4*b}, which may be the same or different, represent a hydrogen atom or hydroxyl,

R^{5a} represents a halogen atom,

hydroxyl,

amino,

azide.

C₁₋₆ alkanoyloxy,

C₁₋₆ alkylsulfonyloxy,

C₁₋₆ alkanoylamino,

arylcarbonylamino,

di-C₁₋₆ alkylamino, or,

C₁₋₆ alkylamino wherein one or more hydrogen atoms in the alkyl group are optionally substituted by hydroxyl, phenyl, vinyl, amino, or hydroxymethyl,

 $R^{6^{\circ}a}$ represents C_{1-6} alkyl wherein one or more hydrogen atoms in the alkyl group are optionally substituted by hydroxyl, a halogen atom, or amino,

 $R^{6'a}$ and $R^{6'b}$, which may be the same or different, represent a hydrogen atom or C_{1-6} alkyl,

 R^{3^*a} represents a hydrogen atom or C_{1-6} alkyl, the dashed line represents a single bond or a double bond, m represents an integer of 0 to 2,

X represents a hydrogen atom or hydroxyl, n represents an integer of 1 to 3, and

* represents an R or S configuration, provided that

 R^{5a} represents a group as defined above other than a fluorine atom when $R^{4"a}$ represents a hydrogen atom, $R^{4"b}$ represents hydroxyl, and the dashed line represents a single bond; and R^{5a} represents a group as defined above other than hydroxyl, amino, and azide when $R^{3"a}$ represents a hydrogen atom, $R^{4"a}$ represents a hydrogen atom, $R^{4"b}$ represents hydroxyl, $R^{6"a}$ represents hydroxymethyl, both $R^{6"a}$ and $R^{6"b}$ represent a hydrogen atom, $R^{4"b}$ represent a hydrogen atom, $R^{4"b}$ represents a single bond.

[2] The compound according to claim 1 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, wherein

 R^{5a} represents C_{1-3} alkanoyloxy, C_{1-3} alkylsulfonyloxy, C_{1-3} alkanoylamino, phenylcarbonylamino, naphthylcarbonylamino, di- C_{1-3} alkylamino, or C_{1-3} alkylamino wherein one or more hydrogen atoms in the alkyl group are optionally substituted by hydroxyl, phenyl, vinyl, amino, or hydroxymethyl.

[3] The compound according to claim 1 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, wherein

 $R^{6^{\text{n}}\text{a}}$ represents $C_{1\text{--}3}$ alkyl wherein one or more hydrogen atoms in the alkyl group are optionally substituted by hydroxyl, a halogen atom, or amino.

[4] The compound according to claim 1 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, wherein $R^{6'a}$ and $R^{6'b}$, which may be the same or different, represent a hydrogen atom or C_{1-3} alkyl.

[5] The compound according to claim 1 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, wherein $R^{3^{\bullet}a}$ represents C_{1-3} alkyl.

[6] The compound according to claim 1 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, wherein

R^{5a} represents a halogen atom, hydroxyl, amino, azide, C₁₋₃

alkanoyloxy, C_{1-3} alkylsulfonyloxy, C_{1-3} alkanoylamino, phenylcarbonylamino, naphthylcarbonylamino, di- C_{1-3} alkylamino, or, C_{1-3} alkylamino wherein one or more hydrogen atoms in the alkyl group are optionally substituted by hydroxyl, phenyl, vinyl, amino, or hydroxymethyl,

 $R^{6^{\circ}a}$ represents C_{1-3} alkyl wherein one or more hydrogen atoms in the alkyl group are optionally substituted by hydroxyl, a halogen atom, or amino,

 $R^{6'a}$ and $R^{6'b}$, which may be the same or different, represent a hydrogen atom or C_{1-3} alkyl, and

 $R^{3"a}$ represents a hydrogen atom or C_{1-3} alkyl.

[7] The compound according to claim 1 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, wherein

R4"a represents a hydrogen atom or hydroxyl,

R^{4* b} represents a hydrogen atom,

R^{6"a} represents hydroxymethyl,

any one of R^{6'a} and R^{6'b} represents a hydrogen atom,

the dashed line represents a single bond,

m represents 0,

[8]

X represents a hydrogen atom, and

n represents an integer of 1 to 3.

The compound according to claim 1 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, wherein

 R^{5a} represents a chlorine atom, hydroxyl, amino, azide, $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkanoyloxy, $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkylsulfonyloxy, $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkanoylamino, arylcarbonylamino, di- $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkylamino, or $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkylamino wherein one or more hydrogen atoms in the alkyl group are optionally substituted by hydroxyl, phenyl, vinyl, amino, or hydroxymethyl,

R^{6"a} represents hydroxymethyl, any one of R^{6'a} and R^{6'b} represents a hydrogen atom, the dashed line represents a single bond, m represents 0, X represents a hydrogen atom, and

n represents 2.

[9] The compound according to claim 1 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, wherein R^{6*a} represents hydroxymethyl or fluoromethyl,

both R^{6'a} and R^{6'b} represent a hydrogen atom, R^{3"a} represents a hydrogen atom, the dashed line represents a double bond, m is 0 (zero), X represents a hydrogen atom, and n is 1 or 2.

[10] A compound represented by general formula (II) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof:

[Chemical formula 2]

HO
$$\frac{4^{11}}{10^{11}}$$
 $\frac{5^{11}}{10^{11}}$ $\frac{6}{10^{11}}$ $\frac{1}{10^{11}}$ $\frac{1}{10^{11}}$

wherein

 R^{5C} represents C_{1-6} alkyl wherein one or more hydrogen atoms in the alkyl group are optionally substituted by C_{1-6} alkoxy,

C₂₋₆ alkenyl, or,

amino C_{1-6} alkyl wherein one or more hydrogen atoms in the amino group are optionally substituted by C_{1-6} alkyl where one or more hydrogen atoms in the alkyl group are optionally substituted by amino, hydroxyl, or heteroaryl, and

n is an integer of 1 to 3.

[11] The compound according to claim 10 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, wherein

 R^{5C} represents C_{1-3} alkyl wherein one or more hydrogen atoms in the alkyl group are optionally substituted by C_{1-6} alkoxy; C_{2-4} alkenyl; or amino C_{1-3} alkyl wherein one or more hydrogen atoms in the amino group are optionally substituted by C_{1-6} alkyl

where one or more hydrogen atoms in the alkyl group are optionally substituted by amino, hydroxyl, or heteroaryl.

[12] The compound according to claim 10 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, wherein

 R^{5C} represents C_{1-6} alkyl wherein one or more hydrogen atoms in the alkyl group are optionally substituted by C_{1-3} alkoxy; C_{2-6} alkenyl; or amino C_{1-6} alkyl wherein one or more hydrogen atoms in the amino group are optionally substituted by C_{1-3} alkyl where one or more hydrogen atoms in the alkyl group are optionally substituted by amino, hydroxyl, pyrrolyl, or pyridyl.

[13] The compound according to claim 10 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, wherein

 R^{5C} represents C_{1-3} alkyl wherein one or more hydrogen atoms in the alkyl group are optionally substituted by C_{1-3} alkoxy; C_{2-4} alkenyl; or amino C_{1-3} alkyl wherein one or more hydrogen atoms in the amino group are optionally substituted by C_{1-3} alkyl where one or more hydrogen atoms in the alkyl group are optionally substituted by amino, hydroxyl, pyrrolyl, or pyridyl.

[14] A compound represented by general formula (III) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof:

[Chemical formula 3]

$$R^{4"c}$$
 $R^{6"c}$ $R^{6"c}$ $R^{6"c}$ $R^{3"c}$ $R^{3"d}$ $R^{6"c}$ R^{6

wherein

R^{4*c} represents a hydrogen atom or hydroxyl,

R^{4*d} represents a hydrogen atom or hydroxyl wherein, when R^{4*c} represents hydroxyl, R^{4*d} represents a hydrogen atom,

 $R^{6\text{-c}}$ represents $C_{1\text{--}6}$ alkyl wherein one or more hydrogen atoms in the alkyl group are optionally substituted by hydroxyl,

amino, or azide; or a group of the formula: [Chemical formula 4]

wherein $R^{6"d}$ and $R^{6"e}$, which may be the same or different, represent a hydrogen atom or amino C_{1-6} alkyl, or $R^{6"d}$ and $R^{6"e}$ together may represent a six-membered cyclic group containing 1 to 4 heteroatoms, Y represents a hydrogen atom or hydroxyl, and p represents an integer of 0 or 1,

R^{3"c} and R^{3"d}, which may be the same or different, represent a hydrogen atom,

C₁₋₁₀ alkyl wherein one or more hydrogen atoms in the alkyl group are optionally substituted by hydroxyl or aryl optionally substituted by hydroxyl or amino,

formimidoyl, or amidino,

R^{6'c} and R^{6'd}, which may be the same or different, represent a hydrogen atom,

amino C₁₋₆ alkyl,

formimidoyl,

amidino, or

benzyl optionally substituted by hydroxyl,

r represents an integer of 0 to 2,

J represents a hydrogen atom or hydroxyl,

s represents an integer of 1 to 3, and

represents an R or S configuration,

excluding compounds wherein

R^{4*c}, R^{3*c}, R^{3*d}, R^{6*c}, and R^{6*d} simultaneously represent a hydrogen atom, R^{4*d} represents hydroxyl, R^{6*c} represents hydroxymethyl, r represents 0, X represents a hydrogen atom, and s represents 2.

[15] The compound according to claim 14 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, wherein

R^{6*c} represents C₁₋₃ alkyl wherein one or more hydrogen

atoms in the alkyl group are optionally substituted by hydroxyl, amino, or azide; or a group of the formula:

[Chemical formula 5]

wherein $R^{6"d}$ and $R^{6"e}$, which may be the same or different, represent a hydrogen atom or amino C_{1-3} alkyl, or $R^{6"d}$ and $R^{6"e}$ together represent a six-membered cyclic group containing 1 to 4 heteroatoms, Y represents a hydrogen atom or hydroxyl, and p represents an integer of 0 or 1,

R^{3"c} and R^{3"d}, which may be the same or different, represent a hydrogen atom,

C₁₋₆ alkyl wherein one or more hydrogen atoms in the alkyl group are optionally substituted by hydroxyl; phenyl optionally substituted by hydroxyl or amino; or naphthyl optionally substituted by hydroxyl or amino,

formimidoyl, or amidino,

R^{6'c} and R^{6'd}, which may be the same or different, represent a hydrogen atom,

amino C₁₋₃ alkyl,

formimidoyl,

amidino, or

benzyl optionally substituted by hydroxyl.

[16] The compound according to claim 14 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, wherein

R^{4*c} represents a hydrogen atom, R^{4*d} represents hydroxyl, both R^{6*c} and R^{6*d} represent a hydrogen atom, both R^{3*c} and R^{3*d} represent a hydrogen atom, r represents 0, J represents a hydrogen atom, and s represents 2.

[17] The compound according to claim 14 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, wherein

 $R^{4"c}$ represents a hydrogen atom, $R^{4"d}$ represents hydroxyl, both $R^{6"c}$ and $R^{6"d}$ represent a hydrogen atom, $R^{6"c}$ represents hydroxymethyl, any one of $R^{3"c}$ and $R^{3"d}$ represents a hydrogen atom, r represents 0, J represents a hydrogen atom, and s represents 2.

[18] The compound according to claim 14 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, wherein

R^{4"c} represents a hydrogen atom, R^{4"d} represents hydroxyl, R^{6"c} represents hydroxymethyl, both R^{3"c} and R^{3"d} represent a hydrogen atom, and s represents 2.

[19] 5,4"-Diepiarbekacin,

5-deoxy-4"-epi-5-epifluoroarbekacin,

5-deoxy-4"-epi-5-epichloroarbekacin,

5-deoxy-4"-epi-5-epiaminoarbekacin,

4"-deoxy-5-epiarbekacin,

1-N-[(S)-(3-amino-2-hydroxypropanoyl)]-5,4"-diepidibekacin,

5,4"-diepi-3"-N-methylarbekacin,

5,4"-diepi-6'-N-methylarbekacin,

5-epiarbekacin,

5-deoxy-5-epichloroarbekacin,

5-deoxy-5-epiaminoarbekacin,

5-deoxy-5-epi(2-aminoethyl)aminoarbekacin,

5-epi-3"-N-methylarbekacin,

6"-aminomethyl-5-epiarbekacin,

3',4'-didehydro-5-epiarbekacin,

5-deoxy-3',4'-didehydro-5-epifluoroarbekacin,

5-deoxy-3',4'-didehydro-5-epiaminoarbekacin,

1-N-[(S)-(3-amino-2-hydroxypropanoyl)]-3',4'-didehydro-5-epidibekacin,

3',4'-didehydro-5,4"-diepiarbekacin,

5-deoxy-3',4'-didehydro-4"-epi-5-epifluoroarbekacin,

5-deoxy-3',4'-didehydro-4"-epi-5-epiaminoarbekacin,

4"-deoxy-3',4'-didehydro-5-epiarbekacin, or

6"-aminomethylarbekacin.

[20] A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound

according to any one of claims 1 to 19, or a pharmacologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof.

- [21] An antimicrobial agent comprising a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 19, or a pharmacologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof.
- [22] An anti-MRSA agent comprising a compound represented by general formula (Ia) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof:

[Chemical formula 6]

$$R^{4"a}$$
 $R^{6"a}$ R^{6

wherein

R^{4*a} and R^{4*b}, which may be the same or different, represent a hydrogen atom or hydroxyl,

R^{5a} represents a halogen atom,

hydroxyl,

amino,

azide.

C₁₋₆ alkanoyloxy,

C₁₋₆ alkylsulfonyloxy,

C₁₋₆ alkanoylamino,

arylcarbonylamino,

di-C₁₋₆ alkylamino, or

C₁₋₆ alkylamino wherein one or more hydrogen atoms in the alkyl group are optionally substituted by hydroxyl, phenyl, vinyl, amino, or hydroxymethyl,

 $R^{6^{\circ}a}$ represents C_{1-6} alkyl wherein one or more hydrogen atoms in the alkyl group are optionally substituted by hydroxyl, a halogen atom, or amino,

 $R^{6'a}$ and $R^{6'b}$, which may be the same or different, represent a hydrogen atom or C_{1-6} alkyl,

 $R^{3^{\circ}a}$ represents a hydrogen atom or C_{1-6} alkyl, the dashed line represents a single bond or a double bond, m represents an integer of 0 to 2,

X represents a hydrogen atom or hydroxyl, n represents an integer of 1 to 3, and

* represents an R or S configuration, provided that

R^{5a} represents a group as defined above other than a fluorine atom when R^{4"a} represents a hydrogen atom, R^{4"b} represents hydroxyl, and the dashed line represents a single bond.

- [23] An anti-MRSA agent comprising a compound according to any one of claims 10 to 13 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof.
- [24] An anti-MRSA agent comprising a compound according to any one of claims 14 to 18 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof.
- [25] Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 19 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, for the manufacture of a pharmaceutical composition.
- [26] Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 19 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, for the manufacture of an antimicrobial agent.
- [27] A method for treating or preventing an infectious disease, comprising the step of administering a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 19 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt or solvate thereof to an animal including a human.